



EPCRA Chemical Reporting: Toxic Release Inventory (TRI)



DUE: JULY 1 (ANNUAL)



40 CFR 372

Who Reports?

Facilities with **10 or more employees** in a range of industry sectors listed by SIC or NAICS code in 40 CFR 372.23, who manufactured, processed, or used a listed chemical in excess of its reporting threshold in the reporting year (previous calendar year).

Covered Chemicals

TRI reporting covers about 800 chemicals with acute or chronic health or environmental effects, listed in 40 CFR 372.28. and 372.65.

Widely-used substances like methylene chloride, ethylene, hydrochloric acid, ammonia, and more are covered, along with hundreds of per- and polyfluorylalkyl substances (PFAS) added to the TRI program in recent years.

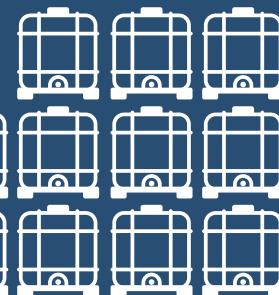
Also Known As...

Mandated by the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA), TRI reporting is sometimes called Form R, EPCRA 313, SARA 313, or *Toxic Chemical Release Reporting*.

Reporting Thresholds

25,000 lbs.

FOR CHEMICALS
MANUFACTURED,
IMPORTED, OR
PROCESSED



10,000 lbs.

FOR CHEMICALS USED
ANY OTHER WAY



Lower thresholds

FOR “CHEMICALS OF SPECIAL CONCERN”
[LISTED IN 40 CFR 372.28 *]



* “Chemicals of special concern” include: aldrin, chlordane, hexachlorobenzene, and other chemicals; mercury, lead, and their compounds; dioxins; polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs); and PFAS.

Find the latest EH&S “cheat sheets,” guides, insights, videos, and more at Lion.com/Resources

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